

THE RALEIGH NEWS.

VOL. XVI.—100.

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RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 2, 1880.

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GARCELON'S QUESTIONS.

INTERROGATORIES SENT TO THE SUPREME COURT.

Messrs. Morrill, Blaine and Company will now have a chance for a legal opinion.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Jan. 1.—The following are the questions propounded by Governor Garcelon to the Supreme Court:

First.—When the Governor and Council decide there is no return from the city on which representatives can be summoned to attend and take their seats in the Legislature, is it their duty to order a new election; or is it competent for the House of Representatives, if it shall appear that there was an election of such representatives to admit them to seats, though no return thereof was made and delivered into the office of the Secretary of State?

Second.—Is it competent for the Governor and Council to allow the substitution of other evidence in place of the returned copies of such lists as are provided for in Article 4, Part I, section 5 of the constitution, to enable them to determine what persons appear to be elected representatives to the legislature by a plurality of the votes returned?

Third.—Is the return signed by a majority of selectmen within the requirements of the constitution?

Fourth.—Is the return by the aldermen of the city and which does not give the number of votes cast for each person voted for as a member of the legislature, and does not show what persons were voted for as such members in any one of the several wards of the city?—Return of the results of the elections of the same section?

Fifth.—Are returns from towns or cities which are not attested by town or city clerks valid within the same section?

Sixth.—Have the Governor and Council a right to request the returns of the election of members of the legislature, and required by the same election from officers of towns which were not made up or sealed up in open town meetings?

Seventh.—Is a return of two persons purporting to be selectmen of the town valid and sufficient evidence of the vote of the town, when it appears that there were at one time of the meeting at which the election was had but two selectmen of that town?

Eighth.—Can a person who is not a citizen of the United States at the time, be formally elected or constituted a selectman of the town?

Ninth.—If a bullet has distinguished mark in the judgment of the Governor and Council, such as would make it illegal under the statute, have they a right to determine the qualifications of what persons appear to be elected where it appears by the official return of the officers of the town that such a vote was received by the selectmen, subject to objections, and its legality referred to the Governor, or any other officer for consideration?

Tenth.—If the names of the persons appear in the return without any number of votes being stated or carried out against them, either in words or figures, is it the duty of the Governor and Council to treat those persons as having the same right of representation as persons received for the same office, and whose name is placed first in the return if they find the dots under the figures or words set against such other persons named?

Eleventh.—Have the Governor and Council the legal right to decide what kind of evidence they will receive, and what mode of proceeding before them shall be to enable them to determine the genuineness of the returns required by the article and section of the constitution above mentioned?

The Governor and Council have before them two lists of voters returned from the same town, differing materially from each other in the number of voices returned as cast for the same persons but identical in all other respects, both having been duly received by the official return of the officers of the town that such a vote was received by the selectmen, subject to objections, and its legality referred to the Governor, or any other officer for consideration?

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North Carolina Necrology.

Wilmington Star.

During the year 1879 some distinguished and many very valuable citizens have died. We are unable to give a full list, but we remember that the following are mentioned with the date of 1879, viz.: Colonel David M. Carter, Major Joseph A. Engelhard, Secretary of State, Colonel William S. Devane, Dr. W. E. Freeman, Rev. W. M. Wiggin, D. D., President of Wake Forest College, Hon. William H. Battle, ex-Governor of North Carolina, Dr. Thomas J. Robinson, Hon. John Kear, ex-member of Congress and Judge of the Superior Court, Major J. P. H. Russ, Dr. A. E. Wright, Dr. Carl Burkhardt, Dr. Edmund Strudwick, Dr. Francis King, and Dr. William Little.

tacked yesterday at a most frequented corner of Vine street by a party of gamblers. Holland fled, leaving his friend to be severely kicked about the head until the police interfered. No serious injury was done, but it is thought the matter will not end so, as the sporting men here charge Holland and Duffy with "squealing" and being responsible for raids on gambling houses, offenses which they will not submit to.

The Fire Record.

CHATTANOOGA, Jan. 1.—The finishing shop, planing mill and blacksmith shop of Mr. Watson car works were consumed by fire last night. The machine shop was damaged \$50,000; insured for \$20,000.

At Home Again.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 1.—Hatch and his party have arrived at Indian creek.

LATE NEWS NOTES.

The Indiana Republican State convention will meet at Indianapolis, June 17th.

The Pennsylvania Republican State convention will meet in Harrisburg February 4th.

John Comins, Sr., a Philadelphia granite merchant, very widely known, died Monday last.

Dispatches received at Philadelphia yesterday announced the death in Paris, France, of congestion of the brain, of Samuel Stockton White, D. S., the well-known manufacturer of dental goods.

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DAILY NEWS.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 2, 1880.

GEO. C. JORDAN, Editor and Prop.

MR. HAYES is of the opinion that "equity" and not "*altitude*" will prevail in Maine. This shows that his heart is not with his Maine brethren, else he would have advised the same mode that placed him in the Presidential chair. Possibly he has had a falling out with Mr. Justice Bradley.

SUNSET COX, who has very little faith in Mr. Tilden, tells a Washington Post reporter that, "All that I have said is based upon the idea that he [Governor Seymour] will never accept. That has been my impression from a personal knowledge of his wishes. But some revelations from recent interview indicate that he might be constrained to accept. If so, nothing can stand in the way of his success."

BISHOP WHIPPLE, of Minnesota, has written a letter in which he vigorously denounces the scheme, which he affirms a powerful lobby is endeavoring to get through Congress, to place the Indian Territory under a territorial government. He argues that such a step would violate solemn pledges, and seeks to illustrate the wrongs the Indians have suffered in the past by quoting some striking utterances of Jeremiah Evarts and of his son, the present Secretary of State.

ANOTHER installment of orphan boys from the New York Children's Aid Society will arrive in Petersburg, Va., early in January. During the past two or three years homes have been found in that section for about two hundred of these boys. About two-thirds of these have done well, and now have good and permanent homes. The other third, becoming dissatisfied, found their way back North. As a general thing, the New York society reports that the boys sent South have done better and fared easier than those sent out through the West.

It is said that the greenbacks are already being hoarded, and that they are thus practically in progress of withdrawal from circulation by reason of their investiture with the legal tender quality. This involves an actual contraction of the currency. The adoption of Senator Bayard's resolution would divest the greenbacks of this character and leave them to circulate among the people in undiminished volume, and, while they could not be forced by debtors upon creditors, as they can be now, they would remain, as at present, convertible into coin upon demand.

One of our Republican State exchanges has started a boom for General Reece as a candidate for Secretary of State. It cites the fact that he has been the Assistant for several years; that he is well and favorably known throughout the South, and that he is honest, competent and faithful in the discharge of his official duties. General Reece served three years in the Union army, and was a brave and gallant soldier. It predicts his nomination without serious opposition.—*Chicago Tribune*.

The fact that he was a gallant soldier is enough to insure his defeat. They don't reward soldiers by electing them to office up that way, as witness Generals Ewing and Rice in the Ohio election; and Gen. Hickenlooper wouldn't have been elected had it not been for the German vote. It is only those that had sense enough to keep out of the war that stand any chance, and they well improved a four years' opportunity.

The news from the North Carolina immigrants at Green Castle, Ind., is very favorable. They are greatly delighted with the change, and are getting good wages, etc. Such an attitude is the character of the dispatch sent from Cincinnati on the 29th of December.—*Wilmington Star*.

The Star should have stated that this same dispatch was sent by Mr. Langdale, postmaster as well as editor of the paper that has made itself so conspicuous in advocating the exodus to that wonderful country whose climate is so well adapted to the constitution and former habits of the negro. That a poor, ignorant black man should state when some one else talks for him that he wouldn't return to North Carolina for \$500, is nothing wonderful when it is done to serve a purpose; but when Mr. Langdale says that the discontented ones do not belong to the North Carolina emigrants but were stragglers picked up on the way, we certainly can't pin our faith on this assertion any more than we can on the former one.

TALK about the stability of Republican institutions! If it depended upon the self-styled Republican party to maintain that stability republican institutions would soon be *now est.* Three years ago the Republicans clamored for the exclusion of certain parish returns in Louisiana on the ground that the laws had not been complied with, and these allegations were sustained by the questionable affidavits of Louisiana heirs—the same class that Republican organs are now poking so much fun at. Florida was served in the same manner. Three years pass away and Maine has an election, when, presto change! and the rule is reversed. For complying with laws instituted and passed by a Republican Legislature the Governor is condemned. Union general, the Campbellite preacher of the Western Reserve, who bravely ate his "hard tack" and led his troops to victory when the enemy was out of sight; who left his college without a president and served his country faithfully in the halls of Congress, and only kept his back pay long enough to find out that the he would incur ostracism if he persisted in his desires, but to balance the loss took a few shares of Credit Mobilier and engaged with his friend De Golyer in a neat little pavement job—this heroic adviser of other people's battles raised his voice for war, and the clan also shouted, even as did Joshua's troops before Jericho, expecting that the Governor's construction of the constitution and the laws would tumble as did the walls of that famed city. But the effort was in vain. Governor Garcelon was made of better stuff. He wasn't born in the woods to be scared by an owl, or a hawk. And now the glorious Substitute Brigadiers have backed down, flunked, before the will

power of a single man entrenched behind the constitution and the law. They find the Governor ready and willing to meet them in calm, fair argument, and have concluded to abandon their revolutionary schemes. And this is the manner in which all revolution ary questions should be settled if the Union is to be upheld. It is possible that the Republicans had a majority in Maine, and yet if the laws were not complied with they have no right to complain, as they have for years been harping on the purity of the ballot and claiming that such laws were necessary to the sacredness of the ballot-box.

THE OLD YEAR.

On the first page of this issue will be found an article from the Baltimore Sun showing the progress of this country in 1879, and every word of it is truth. An increase of business became perceptible in 1878, but only in the large cities. Old stocks commenced to disappear, particularly in cotton goods and boots and shoes. In New York the merchants were active, showing that there was an increased country demand; but the laboring class did not feel the effects. Goods were low, but they had not the wherewithal to purchase. To them "better times" was a thing of the future. But last year, to use the mercantile phrase, business was fairly active; specie resumption, owing to the remonetization of silver, was a fixed fact; money became plentiful, and it was not an inflated currency. It had the metallic ring, and paper assumed its proper station—not money, but a promise to pay with its metallic equivalent behind it. And then the business "boom" commenced in earnest; work became plentiful and labor brought full selling power. Eastern complications and distress demanded our products; instead of shipping gold to Europe the channel was reversed and gold came to this country. Our crops were in good demand and brought good prices. Do not substantial blessings of this sort call for a proper recognition on the part of the people? Do they not make it the public duty to secure the moral and political fruitions of these great material resources upon such a basis that we may be sure that our children will enjoy them? May we not increase our wealth and cement our powers by cultivating the same breadth in public and political charity that we cultivate in acres of crops? Our wealth is worth little to us if we are in continual danger of spending it in cutting one another's throats, or in strife and bickerings which keep us ever on the fringe of civil war. And in this New Year let us see how much we can add to our material resources and to the country's wealth by learning how to love our neighbors as ourselves. Peace on earth and good-will toward men means that, quite as much as it means the disbanding of great standing armies and the return of the soldier to the plow-handle.

THE COLORED PEOPLE TESTER-DAY.

During the war an expression made by General Butler, "the colored troops fought nobly," was picked up and bandied about the North in the most ridiculous manner. There was as strong feeling existing in that section against the negroes at that time as was ever alleged to exist in the South. The negro was the politician's catch-word; it was used for personal political effect, a stepping-stone for political advancement, and it told well. Then the cry came to put them in the field, to give the blacks a chance; if the war was to be waged on their account let them stand the brunt of the fight, receive the bullets and the fresh white troops would then step in and put the finishing stroke to the effort.

So troops were enrolled and sent to the front—they were enlisted in the regular army for cooks and nothing else—brigaded together, and officered by men taken from the ranks of white regiments, in many cases men who had but recently joined and worked to such position through influence. These blacks had no more idea of military movements and army rifles and army regulations than the man in the moon, and yet they were expected to perform wonders. Was it any wonder that such expectations were disappointed? Was it any wonder that the colored troops became a laughing stock? The fault did not rest with them, though, but with those who ought to have had better sense.

Since then the colored men have fought nobly. Throwing aside their old-time idea that happiness consisted of having plenty to eat and but little to do they have grappled with the life question and are coming out victorious. They are bending their energies to work with a purpose. They have discovered that in order to live they must contribute to the sustenance of the world, and in only one way can it be done—by hard and persistent labor. Wealth will not drop on them unless they give it a cause. This idea was advanced to them in the addresses made at yesterday's celebration. Let them heed the advice given and wait patiently. They have now to work for their children's advancement.

All the Way From Zululand.
Captain Walker, of the British brig Maria Lamb, which arrived here from Port Natal, Zululand, on Monday, was exhibiting to his friends yesterday one of the famous Zulu staves, which was picked up on the battle-field, and which is said to have been the body of a young British lieutenant, who fell before the Prince Imperial was killed. These staves are of wood, tipped with poisoned steel, the poisonous substance being beaten into the steel. Even a scratch on the hand is said to be dangerous, and persons receiving such a wound are usually put to a great deal of trouble to get rid of it, and one in question, which attracts a great deal of attention, has been relieved of its poisonous properties. Captain Walker says he enjoyed the acquaintance of the Prince Imperial.

A Successful Operation.
Charlotte Observer ist.

The friends, throughout the State, of Adjutant General Johnstone Jones, will be glad to know that he has returned from Philadelphia, where he had gone a short time ago to have an operation performed on his leg, very much improved, and he expects to be able shortly to be again to regain the use of it. He injured himself slightly about a year ago by jumping from a buggy and two months afterwards and ever since, has been unable to walk without crutches. It is now believed that after the wind heels he will have no further trouble with it.

If you will stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style, buy good, healthy food, cheaper and better clothing; get more real and substantial food; stop the foolish habit of employing expensive quack doctors or using so much of the vile humbug medicine that does you only harm, but put your trust in that simple, pure remedy, Hop Bitters; that cures always at a trifling cost, and you will see good and have good health. See another column.

Cypress Shingles
cheaper than ever before offered in Raleigh for sale by Jones, Green & Powell.

A CARD.

All who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous debility, rheumatism, loss of appetite, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

OR ANY VALUE.

If the testimony of eminent chemists and sagacious medical men, is of any value, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is the most perfect made. These men of standing in their profession, not only recommend its use, but endorse it by using it in their own families.

Lotteries.

L.S.L.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY to win a fortune. First Grand Distribution, Class A, at New Orleans, Tuesday, January 15, 1880—16th Monthly Drawing.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

This institution was originally incorporated by the Legislature of the state for the promotion of agriculture and manufacture, for the term of TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, to which contract the Inhabitants of the state were bound to subscribe annually, and to be renewed by an overwhelming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new constitution adopted in October, 1865, with a capital of \$500,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of \$50,000.

Its Grand Single Number Distribution will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. *It never scales or postpones.*

Look at the following distribution:

**CAPITAL PRIZE, 30,000,
100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS
EACH. HALF-TICKETS
ONE DOLLAR.**

LIST OF PRIZES

1 Capital Prize \$30,000
1 Capital Prize 10,000
1 Capital Prize 5,000
2 Prizes of \$2,500 5,000
5 Prizes of 1,000 5,000
20 Prizes of 500 10,000
100 " 100 10,000
100 " 300 30,000
200 " 50 50,000
500 " 10 10,000
1,000 " 10 10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.
9 Approx. Prizes of \$300 \$2,700
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1,857 Prizes, amounting to \$110,400
Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all points, to whom liberal compensation will be paid.

Write clearly stating full address, for further information, or send orders by express or mail addressed only to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.
or someone person at No. 319 Broadway, New York

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of GENERALS G. T. BAUDREY and JUBAL A. EARLY.

DR. C. McLANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC

or

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an acute semi-circular rash along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furrowed tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach; others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times constipated; stools slimy, not infrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccup; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist, DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY in any form; it is an innocent preparation, not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.

The genuine DR. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper. —
DR. C. McLANE'S

LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy for all the ills that flesh is heir to, but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, stand without a rival.

TRY IT.

Sold by all Druggists

THE BROWN CHEMICAL CO.,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Sept. 24—dedicated.

IRON BITTERS.

A Great Tonic.

IRON BITTERS.

A Sure Appetizer.

IRON BITTERS.

A Complete Strengthener.

IRON BITTERS.

A Valuable Medicine.

IRON BITTERS.

Not Sold as a Beverage.

IRON BITTERS.

For Delicate Females.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Skin.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Liver.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Stomach.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Heart.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Brain.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Eyes.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Skin.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Liver.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Heart.

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For the Brain.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Skin.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Liver.

IRON BITTERS.

For the Heart.

IRON

Gossip for the Ladies.

Now Our Darling's Ready.
Put away the curling irons.
Lately used by darling Claire,
For she nevermore will need them:
She has banded her golden hair.

The frizzles in the bureau,
Where her eyes may on them fall
As she dives around the bedroom
Getting ready for the ball.

Set her tooth-brush in the tumbler,
Hang her stockings on the chair,
So that when her young man cometh
She will not be in despair.

Don't forget the zebra garters
That go with her silken hose,
And get out a perfumed rag
For her to blow her tiny nose.

Now our darling's fairly ready;
She'll have the sunny breeze;
And her younger brother murmers,
"Oh, we'll 'n't just the cheese!"

There is a rumor that the Peruvian Government is about to fit out a pair of high-tied shoes, belonging to a Boston girl, for a navy.

"How to Make the Church Attractive," is a black-head-line in the Indianapolis News. Getting the pretty girls to come is the best way.

The winsome girl in the wonderful booth

Of the "wildering fancy fair,
Now throws her bait to the helpless
And drags him to her lair.

Vivian Kestrel, Rosalind—Luna-Hi-Keshenah-shapoo, daughter of the King of the Sandwich Islands, is a nice little girl of four years, but several poets have lost their lives attempting to celebrate her praises, and when she was baptised it had to be done in sections.

Before they were married, he called her "the most beautiful girl in the world," when she presented that shovely appearance too often seen in young women after they have done their matrimonial marketing, he is said to have reason to address her as "Old Scratch Cat."—*Turner's Folds Reprinted*.

The first lady school teacher in California is said to have been Mrs. Olive M. Isbell, born in New York January 1st, and March 1847, at Santa Clara mission, in Santa Clara county, taught the families that were stationed there while Colonel John C. Fremont, with a company of about four hundred men, went to take possession of Southern California. She taught in an old adobe for two years, and then became the roof for a window, getting \$2 a month per scholar. There were several persons in Southern California who were her pupils—for instance, the wives of Dr. Ord and P. Y. Cool of Ventura. The lady is 55 years old. Her husband, now an invalid, is dead, and she is disengaged from doing any business whatever. However, the pioneer teacher, whose hairs have grown white, still seems as fresh and cheerful as though she was yet in her teens.—*San Jose Herald*.

Ale, Porter and Mineral Waters.

My facilities for the delivery of the above in bottles or kegs, are superior to any in the State. Prices as low as the lowest, Country orders solicited.

M. BILLS, Raleigh, N. C.
City Bottling Works.

Cuticura.

BLOOD AND SKIN HUMORS,

The Scourge of Mankind. Old Methods of Treatment and Remedies Failed.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the Great Blood Purifier and Liver Stimulant, is the most sovereign Remedy for Skin Diseases of this country. It may be detected in the saliva, sweat, milk, blood, and urine in forty different ways, and it is evident that it has entered the circulation and been carried to every part of the system. It forces the skin to expel all poisons, Scrofula, Cancer, and Cancer, those terrible blood poisons that rot out the machinery of life, filling the body with foul corruption. It cures the skin diseases, with the external application of CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, it speedily cures Scrofula, Cancer, Ulcers, Tumors, Scabies, Psoriasis, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Dandruff, and all Ichneumonous Diseases of the skin and scalp.

ECZEMA ON THE SCALP.
BREAST AND LINGS CURED.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER—Gentlemen—I can only thank you for having placed within my reach the wonderful CUTICURA RESOLVENT, which has restored my health. All further expense of my removals, as in a remarkably short space of time have rid me of a loathsome disease I dispensed with the services of two surgeons, and they did me no good. The CUTICURA has stopped this unsatisfactory expense—ever it has been necessary and no longer any longer to pay for your advice, brought the long-looked-for cure and happiness.

I have been afflicted with Eczema or Salt Rheum on my scalp, breast, and limbs for five years, during which time I have been under the care of two surgeons, and all the mineral springs, or taking some kind of medicine. I have seen treated by Drs.—and Dr. W. and visited sulphur springs and taken many medicines, and still, without the faintest approach to a cure.

At last, I began the use of CUTICURA, which was immediately successful in my case, entirely curing me. I have had a clean scalp for 15 years, and the use of it has been so great, that it always clean and healthy. The other parts of my body were affected in a more aggravated form, and I have been cured of them, I believe myself completely cured, I shall continue the CUTICURA RESOLVENT directed for the cure of the skin, the stomach and bowels and cooling influence on the blood. It will afford me pleasure, as I have done in many cases, to use the afflicted to use these wonderful remedies.

Yours etc.,
STEPHEN CROWELL,
NEW BEDFORD, Sept. 30, 1858.

A RUNNING SORE

CURED IN ONE WEEK.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER—Some three of four weeks ago I ordered a box of CUTICURA for a bad case of Salt Rheum. The lack of money would not allow me to pay for it, so in one week from the day it arrived my hand was well and has remained so up to to-day.

M. FORD, Jr., June 10, 1858.

Note—Reader, don't you think these cures remarkable?

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